

This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations
and is not a part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

**As rescanning documents *will not* correct images,
please do not report the images to the
Image Problem Mailbox.**

Amendments to the Claims

Please amend claims 1, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12 and 15.

1. (Currently Amended) A method for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said method comprising the operations of:

when a request is received from said initiator node during a period that said target node is unable to provide service, returning a first reject reply by attaching thereto reject time information that matches said period;

when said target node is in a state capable of providing service, preferentially accepting a retry request carrying older reject time information; and

~~when said target node is in the state capable of providing service, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto new reject time information in response to any first request received before retry requests arising previously rejected requests are all accepted.~~

at said target node staying in the state capable of providing service, when the retry request is received, processing said retry request while when a first request is received, returning a second reject reply by attaching thereto new reject time information.

2. (Previously Presented) A method for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said method comprising the operations of:

(a) when a first request is received at said target node when said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

(b) when a first request is received at said target node after said target node has moved to a state incapable of providing service, returning a reject reply in response to said first request by attaching thereto reject time information comprising at least one bit;

(c) when a retry request is received at said target node after said target node is restored to the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request depending on the reject time information attached to said retry request; and

(d) at said target node staying in the state capable of providing service, when a retry request is received, processing said retry request in the same manner as in said operation (c), while when a first request is received, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto reject time information.

3. (Previously Presented) A method for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said method comprising the operations of:

(a) at said target node, initializing to 0 all of a first collect epoch (CE) parameter comprising at least one bit, a second service epoch (SE) parameter comprising the same number of bits as the number of bits of said first parameter, a third collect counter (CC) parameter comprising the number of bits as determined by the number of said plurality of initiator nodes, and a fourth service counter (SC) parameter comprising the same number of bits as the number of bits of said third parameter;

(b) at said initiator node, sending a first request to said target node;

(c) when said first request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

(d) when said first request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ or if $CE = SE$ and said target node is in a state incapable of providing service, incrementing said CE, setting said CC to 1, and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE in response to said first request;

(e) when said first request is received at said target node, if $CE \neq SE$, incrementing said CC and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE;

(f) at said initiator node that received said reject reply, sending a retry request to said target node by attaching thereto a fifth parameter RE whose value is equal to the value of said CE attached to said reject reply;

(g) when said retry request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request;

(h) when said retry request is received at said target node, if $RE = SE + 1$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, incrementing said SE , setting said SC to $CC - 1$, and accepting said retry request;

(i) when said retry request is received at said target node, if $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, decrementing said SC and accepting said retry request; and

(j) when said retry request is received at said target node, if any of execution conditions in said operations (g), (i), and (j) is not satisfied, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said RE in response to said retry request.

4. (Previously Presented) A method carried out at a target node for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said method comprising the operations of:

(a) initializing to 0 all of a first collect epoch (CE) parameter comprising at least one bit, a second service epoch (SE) parameter comprising the same number of bits as the number of bits of said first parameter, a third collect counter (CC) parameter comprising the number of bits as determined by the number of said plurality of initiator nodes, and a fourth service counter (SC) parameter comprising the same number of bits as the number of bits of said third parameter;

(b) when a first request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

(c) when a first request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ or if $CE = SE$ and said target node is in a state incapable of providing service, incrementing said CE , setting said CC to 1, and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE in response to said first request;

(d) when a first request is received, if $CE \neq SE$, incrementing said CC and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE ;

(e) when a retry request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request;

(f) when a retry request is received, if $RE = SE + 1$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, incrementing said SE , setting said SC to $CC - 1$, and accepting said retry request;

(g) when a retry request is received, if $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, decrementing said SC and accepting said retry request; and

(h) when a retry request is received, if any of execution conditions in said operations (e), (f), and (g) is not satisfied, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said RE in response to said retry request.

5. (Currently Amended) A method carried out at an initiator node for avoiding starvation at said initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said method comprising the operations of:

(a) sending a first request to said target node; and

(b) when a reject reply is received from the target node in response to said first request, sending a retry request by attaching thereto a parameter whose value is equal to the value of a parameter of reject time information attached to said reject reply.

6. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said apparatus comprising:

means for, when a request is received from said initiator node during a period that said target node is unable to provide service, returning a first reject reply by attaching thereto reject time information that matches said period;

means for, when said target node is in a state capable of providing service, preferentially accepting a retry request carrying older reject time information; and

~~means for, when said target node is in the state capable of providing service, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto new reject time information in response to any first request received before retry requests arising previously rejected requests are all accepted.~~ at said target node staying in the state capable of providing service, when the

retry request is received, processing said retry request while when a first request is received, returning a second reject reply by attaching thereto new reject time information.

7. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said apparatus comprising:

first means for, when a first request is received at said target node when said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

second means for, when a first request is received at said target node after said target node has moved to a state incapable of providing service, returning a reject reply in response to said first request by attaching thereto reject time information comprising at least one bit;

third means for, when a retry request is received at said target node after said target node is restored to the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request depending on the reject time information attached to said retry request; and

fourth means for, at said target node staying in the state capable of providing service, when a retry request is received, processing said retry request in the same manner as processed by said third means, while when a first request is received, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto reject time information.

8. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said apparatus comprising:

first means for, at said target node, initializing to 0 all of a first collect epoch (CE) parameter comprising at least one bit, a second service epoch (SE) parameter comprising the same number of bits as the number of bits of said first parameter, a third collect counter (CC) parameter comprising the number of bits as determined by the number of said plurality of initiator nodes, and a fourth service counter (SC) parameter comprising the same number of bits as the number of bits of said third parameter;

second means for, at said initiator node, sending a first request to said target node; third means for, when said first request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

fourth means for, when said first request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ or if $CE = SE$ and said target node is in a state incapable of providing service, incrementing said CE , setting said CC to 1, and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE in response to said first request;

fifth means for, when said first request is received at said target node, if $CE \neq SE$, incrementing said CC and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE ;

sixth means for, at said initiator node that received said reject reply, sending a retry request to said target node by attaching thereto a fifth parameter RE whose value is equal to the value of said CE attached to said reject reply;

seventh means for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request;

eighth means for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if $RE = SE + 1$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, incrementing said SE , setting said SC to $CC - 1$, and accepting said retry request;

ninth means for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, decrementing said SC and accepting said retry request; and

tenth means for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if any of operation conditions in said seventh, eighth, and ninth means is not satisfied, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said RE in response to said retry request.

9. (Previously Presented) An apparatus provided at a target node for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said apparatus comprising:

first means for initializing to 0 all of a first collect epoch (CE) parameter comprising at least one bit, a second service epoch (SE) parameter comprising the same number of bits as the number of bits of said first parameter, a third collect counter (CC) parameter comprising the number of bits as determined by the number of said plurality of initiator nodes, and a fourth service counter (SC) parameter comprising the same number of bits as the number of bits of said third parameter;

second means for, when a first request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

third means for, when a first request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ or if $CE = SE$ and said target node is in a state incapable of providing service, incrementing said CE, setting said CC to 1, and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE in response to said first request;

fourth means for, when a first request is received, if $CE \neq SE$, incrementing said CC and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE;

fifth means for, when a retry request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request;

sixth means for, when a retry request is received, if $RE = SE+1$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, incrementing said SE, setting said SC to $CC-1$, and accepting said retry request;

seventh means for, when a retry request is received, if $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, decrementing said SC and accepting said retry request; and

eighth means for, when a retry request is received, if any of operation conditions in said fifth, sixth, and seventh means is not satisfied, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said RE in response to said retry request.

10. (Currently Amended) An apparatus provided at an initiator node for avoiding starvation at said initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said apparatus comprising:

means for sending a first request to said target node; and

means for, when a reject reply is received from the target node in response to said first request, sending a retry request by attaching thereto a parameter whose value is equal to the value of a parameter of reject time information attached to said reject reply.

11. (Currently Amended) A recording medium readable by an apparatus for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said recording medium having stored thereon a program for implementing:

a facility for, when a request is received from said initiator node during a period that said target node is unable to provide service, returning a first reject reply by attaching thereto reject time information that matches said period;

a facility for, when said target node is in a state capable of providing service, preferentially accepting a retry request carrying older reject time information; and

~~a facility for, when said target node is in the state capable of providing service, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto new reject time information in response to any first request received before retry requests arising previously rejected requests are all accepted at said target node staying in the state capable of providing service, when the~~
retry request is received, processing said retry request while when a first request is received, returning a second reject reply by attaching thereto new reject time information.

12. (Currently Amended) A recording medium readable by an apparatus for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said recording medium having stored thereon a program for implementing:

a first facility for, when a first request is received at said target node when said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

a second facility for, when a first request is received at said target node after said target node has moved to a state incapable of providing service, returning a reject reply in response to said first request by attaching thereto reject time information ~~consisting of~~
comprising at least one bit;

a third facility for, when a retry request is received at said target node after said target node is restored to the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request depending on the reject time information attached to said retry request; and

a fourth facility for, at said target node staying in the state capable of providing service, when a retry request is received, processing said retry request in the same manner as processed by said third facility, while when a first request is received, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto reject time information.

13. (Previously Presented) A recording medium readable by an apparatus for avoiding starvation at an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said recording medium having stored thereon a program for implementing:

a first facility for, at said target node, initializing to 0 all of a first collect epoch (CE) parameter comprising at least one bit, a second service epoch (SE) parameter comprising the same number of bits as the number of bits of said first parameter, a third collect counter (CC) parameter comprising the number of bits as determined by the number of said plurality of initiator nodes, and a fourth service counter (SC) parameter comprising the same number of bits as the number of bits of said third parameter;

a second facility for, at said initiator node, sending a first request to said target node;

a third facility for, when said first request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

a fourth facility for, when said first request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ or if $CE = SE$ and said target node is in a state incapable of providing service, incrementing said CE, setting said CC to 1, and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE in response to said first request;

a fifth facility for, when said first request is received at said target node, if $CE \neq SE$, incrementing said CC and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE;

a sixth facility for, at said initiator node that received said reject reply, sending a retry request to said target node by attaching thereto a fifth parameter RE whose value is equal to the value of said CE attached to said reject reply;

a seventh facility for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request;

an eighth facility for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if $RE = SE + 1$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, incrementing said SE, setting said SC to CC-1, and accepting said retry request;

a ninth facility for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, decrementing said SC and accepting said retry request; and

a tenth facility for, when said retry request is received at said target node, if any of operation conditions in said seventh, eighth, and ninth facilities is not satisfied, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said RE in response to said retry request.

14. (Previously Presented) A recording medium readable by a target node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said recording medium having stored thereon a starvation avoiding program for implementing:

a first facility for initializing to 0 all of a first collect epoch (CE) parameter comprising at least one bit, a second service epoch (SE) parameter comprising the same number of bits as the number of bits of said first parameter, a third collect counter (CC) parameter comprising the number of bits as determined by the number of said plurality of initiator nodes, and a fourth service counter (SC) parameter comprising the same number of bits as the number of bits of said third parameter;

a second facility for, when a first request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in a state capable of providing service, accepting said first request;

a third facility for, when a first request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ or if $CE = SE$ and said target node is in a state incapable of providing service, incrementing said CE, setting said CC to 1, and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE in response to said first request;

a fourth facility for, when a first request is received, if $CE \neq SE$, incrementing said CC and returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said CE;

a fifth facility for, when a retry request is received, if $CE = SE$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, accepting said retry request;

a sixth facility for, when a retry request is received, if $RE = SE+1$ and $SC = 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, incrementing said SE, setting said SC to CC-1, and accepting said retry request;

a seventh facility for, when a retry request is received, if $RE = SE$ and $SC > 0$ and if said target node is in the state capable of providing service, decrementing said SC and accepting said retry request; and

an eighth facility for, when a retry request is received, if any of operation conditions in said fifth, sixth, and seventh facilities is not satisfied, returning a reject reply by attaching thereto the value of said RE in response to said retry request.

15. (Currently Amended) A recording medium readable by an initiator node in a computer network to which are connected at least one target node which provides service and a plurality of initiator nodes which request service from said target node, said recording medium having stored thereon a starvation avoiding program for implementing:

a facility for sending a first request to said target node; and

a facility for, when a reject reply is received from the target node in response to said first request, sending a retry request by attaching thereto a parameter whose value is equal to the value of a parameter of reject time information attached to said reject reply.